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**Maryland**  
Department of  
the Environment

# **Growing and Supporting Maryland's Natural Climate Solutions**

**RURAL SUMMIT**

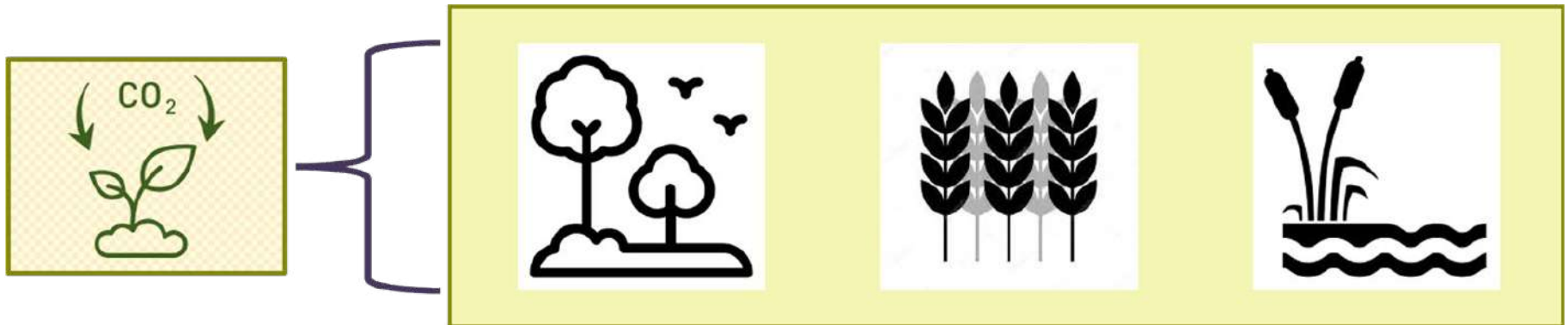
November 14, 2023

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# Nature-based Climate Solutions

Can **avoid greenhouse gas emissions** and **enhance carbon sinks** on land and in the sea as well as **build resilience and aid adaptation** to climate change for both nature and people.



# Natural climate solutions: cost-effective, scalable and viable



We must cut 30 gigatons a year of carbon emissions by 2030 if we are to keep global temperature increase well below 2 degrees Celsius. Nature can reduce more than one-third of the emissions to meet this goal if countries invest in carbon-storing forests, grasslands, wetlands and farmlands.



- **Protecting** current lands (existing area, **avoid loss** to current sinks)
- **Managing** current lands (existing area, **create larger sinks**)
- Identifying lands for **restoration** (new area, **create new sinks**)



# MD GHG Reduction Planning

## Timeline to Achieve Maryland's Climate Goals



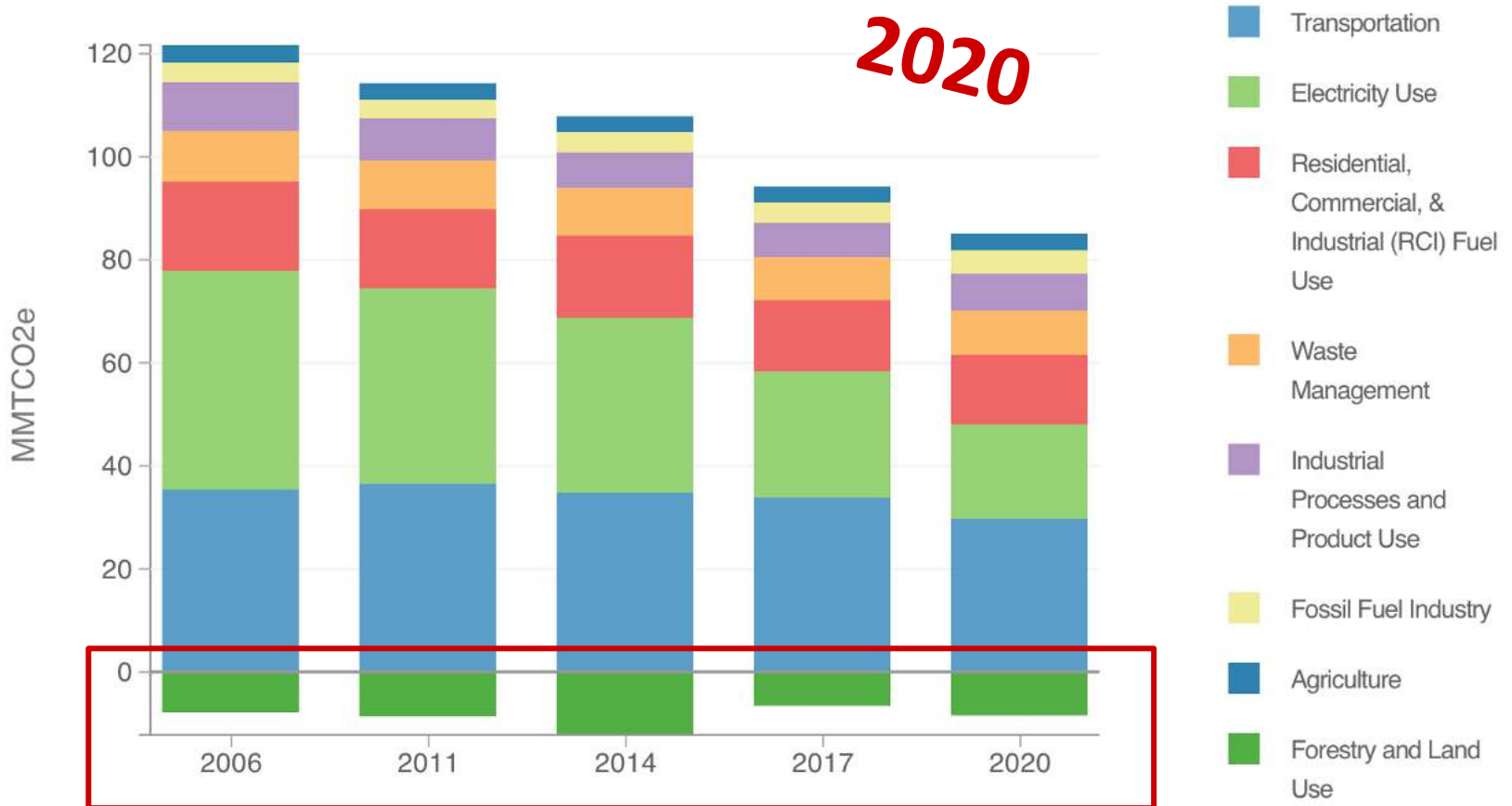
<https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/>



# MD GHG Reduction Planning

## Maryland GHG Emissions Trend by Sector

(Use filtering to select GWP and drilldown sectors and gases)

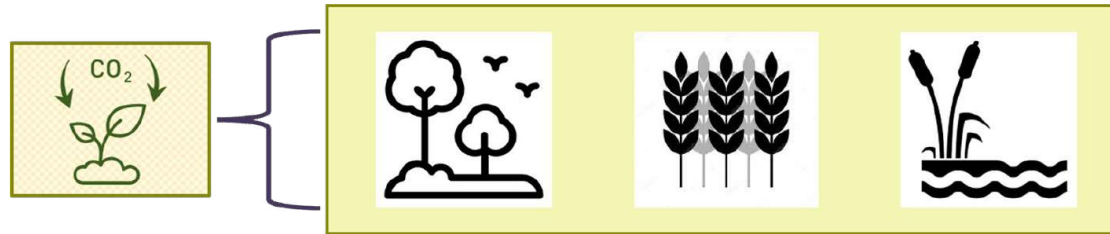


**Solutions that remove carbon from the atmosphere and store it!**



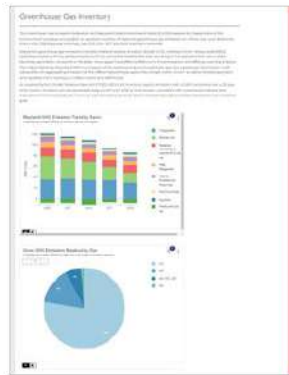
# Net-zero Means Full Integration of NWL

## Natural and Working Lands (NWL)

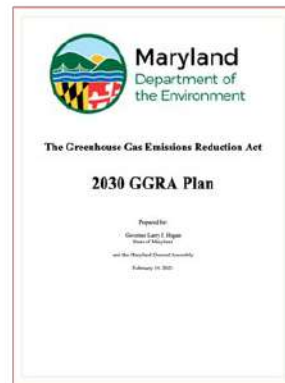


## Assessment and Planning Tools

Emissions Inventory



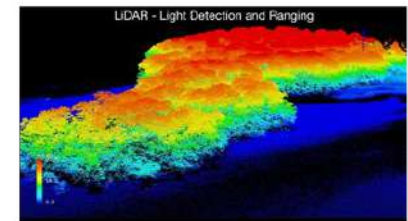
Reduction Plan



Progress Tracking



Improved Science

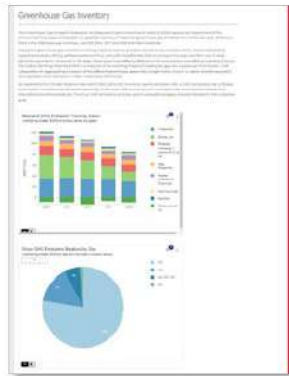




# Net-zero Means Full Integration of NWL

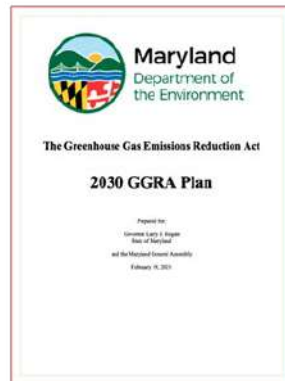
## Assessment and Planning Tools

Emissions Inventory



actual/known  
carbon  
impacts

Reduction Plan



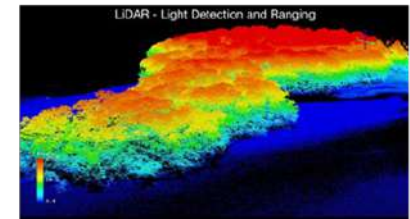
known state and federal programs +  
potential scale of implementation +  
projected C benefits

Progress Tracking



actual/known  
program  
implementation

Improved Science



Helps us harmonize  
outcomes from  
past (2006) to  
future (2045)



# Tree Solutions Now Act of 2021



**additional!**

**5 million native trees  
planted and maintained by 2031**



**500,000 trees planted  
in urban underserved areas**

Support **environmental justice**  
and **equity**





# ACHIEVING 5M TREES IS A MULTI-AGENCY EFFORT

Maryland Department of the Environment is coordinating the implementation of the **Tree Solutions Now Act of 2021** with leadership support from



Maryland  
Department of  
the Environment





# Maryland's Five Million Trees Initiative

About Get Involved Register Trees Resource Library FAQs Gallery Contact Us

## Five Million Trees in Maryland



### Our Progress So Far

See our statistics and data policies

July 2021-June 2023

Five Million Trees Tracking Dashboard

Last Update:  
9/25/2023

Total Trees Planted  
**484,439**

Total Trees Planted Underserved Areas  
**24,798**



County	Trees Planted	Trees Planted by Month
Allegany	31,214	
Anne Arundel	31,791	
Baltimore City	2,001	
Baltimore	14,120	
Calvert	5,527	
Caroline	4,132	
Carroll	66,925	




[mde.maryland.gov/5Mtrees](https://mde.maryland.gov/5Mtrees)





# MD Agricultural Soil Health

## NRCS Practice Standards for Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction and Carbon Sequestration

Qualitative Ranking N=Neutral	Practice Code	Practice Standard and Associated Information Sheet	Beneficial Attributes
	327	<a href="#">Conservation Cover (Information Sheet)</a>	Establishing perennial vegetation on land retired from agriculture production increases soil carbon and increases biomass carbon stocks.
	329	<a href="#">Residue and Tillage Management, No Till/Strip Till/Direct Seed (Information Sheet)</a>	Limiting soil-disturbing activities improves soil carbon retention and minimizes carbon emissions from soils.
	379	<a href="#">Multi-Story Cropping</a>	Establishing trees and shrubs that are managed as an overstory to crops increases net carbon storage in woody biomass and soils. Harvested biomass can serve as a renewable fuel and feedstock.
		<a href="#">Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment (Information Sheet)</a>	Establishing linear plantings of woody plants increases biomass carbon stocks and enhances soil carbon.
		<a href="#">Silvopasture Establishment</a>	Establishment of trees, shrubs, and compatible forages on the same acreage increases biomass carbon stocks and enhances soil carbon.
		<a href="#">Forage and Biomass Planting (Information Sheet)</a> <a href="#">Multi-Story Cropping</a>	Deep-rooted perennial biomass sequesters carbon and may have slight soil carbon benefits. Harvested biomass can serve as a renewable fuel and feedstock. woody biomass and soils. Harvested biomass can serve as a renewable fuel and feedstock.
	381	<a href="#">Silvopasture Establishment</a>	Establishment of trees, shrubs, and compatible forages on the same acreage increases biomass carbon stocks and enhances soil carbon.
	512	<a href="#">Forage and Biomass Planting (Information Sheet)</a>	Deep-rooted perennial biomass sequesters carbon and may have slight soil carbon benefits. Harvested biomass can serve as a renewable fuel and feedstock.





# GHG Inventory - Ag Soil Carbon

- High rates of BMP adoption by MD farmers
- Incomplete representation by EPA National Data
- Goals using **state-specific** data:
  - 1) understand historical annual contributions (2006-2021)
  - 2) develop method to use for future GHG inventories
  - 3) estimated future potential contributions for planning
- Credit farmers for progress, identify next best BMPs



**COMET**  
Farm

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
Natural Resources Conservation Service

Colorado  
State

Sierra View Solutions

UNITED STATES  
CLIMATE ALLIANCE

STATES UNITED FOR CLIMATE ACTION



# Iterate with new 2031 and 2045 Targets

**2020 GHG Inventory:** How do our carbon sinks support our GHG goals? What are the dominate factors affecting change?

**2022 Progress Report:** Does actual implementation of activities align with what was planned? Why or why not?

**New 2031 Plan:** Do we need additional programs or policies to reach existing (or new) targets?

- *What is the technical potential for MD NWL by 2045?*
- *How can we connect to complementary goals?*



**e.g., 10% of new trees must be planted in underserved urban areas (Equity and EJ)**



# Contact

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Maryland Department of the Environment

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# Links to more resources

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**June 2031 Pathway Report:**

<https://mde.maryland.gov/GGRA>

**GGRA Progress Report:**

<https://mde.maryland.gov/GGRA>

**GHG Emissions Inventory:**

<https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/Pages/GreenhouseGasInventory.aspx>

**Trees and Forest Data and Methodology Documentation:**

[https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/Documents/VIMAL/MD\\_ForestCarbon\\_Flux\\_Methodology\\_01.06.23.pdf](https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/Documents/VIMAL/MD_ForestCarbon_Flux_Methodology_01.06.23.pdf)

**Blue Carbon Data and Methodology Documentation:**

[https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/Documents/VIMAL/MD\\_BlueCarbon\\_Flux\\_Methodology\\_01.06.23.pdf](https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/Documents/VIMAL/MD_BlueCarbon_Flux_Methodology_01.06.23.pdf)

**Agricultural Soil Carbon Project Brief:**

[https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/Documents/VIMAL/MD\\_AgriculturalSoils\\_Flux\\_Project\\_01.06.23.pdf](https://mde.maryland.gov/programs/air/ClimateChange/Documents/VIMAL/MD_AgriculturalSoils_Flux_Project_01.06.23.pdf)